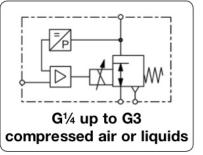
BP1 - Convertisseur I/P, commande proportionnelle de pression couplée à un amplificateur de débit, booster

What are volume booster / proportional valve combinations used for?
Combinations of volume boosters and proportional valves lend themselves for electronically regulating high volume flows. On the one hand common proportional valves are not available with connection sizes big enough, on the other hand combinations are in most cases more economic. There are two ways of regulating: Single loop systems are suitable for standard applications without high requirements for accuracy and without consideration of pressure drop at high flow. Double loop regulations on the contrary are much more accurate and also qualified for dynamic processes

General operational description:

The volume booster and proportional valve are fed by the supply pressure. When no command signal is applied the outlet pressure behind the booster is zero. When the command signal is increased the outlet pressure rises in proportion to it. Since the transmission ratio is not exactly 1:1, a slight pressure difference occurs between the outlet pressure of the proportional valve and the booster's outlet on single loop systems. This can be balanced by a feedback signal (double loop), though.



Single loop

At single loop combinations the pressure difference between command signal and outlet pressure is being ignored because the proportional valve only refers to its own outlet pressure within the pilot chamber. The outlet pressure performance is dependent of the volume booster's accuracv.

PRE2, R450 with single loop

Double loop

Combinations with a second feedback have the possibility to balance pressure differences. For this a pressure transducer is installed in the outlet line of the booster. The electrical signal of the transducer is applied as a feedback signal onto the proportional valve. The valve detects any pressure differences and compensates them automatically. In high flow applications a pressure drop at the outlet of the pilot regulator is thus minimised.

General features

Construction type The volume booster / proportional valve combinations are delivered com-

pletely assembled and calibrated.

Mounting position preferred horizontal (see figure)

Protection class IP 54 with ordinary coupling socket as standard, optionally IP 65 for some

devices (see according product information sheets)

0 °C to 50 °C / 32 °F to 122 °F for all proportional valves, for booster Temperature range

ranges refer to according product sheets



PRA, R119 with single loop

Pneumatic features

The proportional valves may only be fed with dry and 5 μm filtered Command signal

compressed air. The pneumatic command signal must always be air!

Media Preferred dry, 5 µm filtered compressed air for supply of the proportional

valves. The volume boosters can operate with air or non-corrosive gases, model R120 even with liquids. The respective air consumption and the

relieving function strongly have to be regarded.

dependent of the according combination (see according product Inlet pressure

information sheets)

Pressure supply The proportional valve has to be separately supplied with compressed air

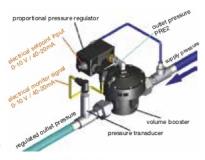
with regard to the valve's maximum inlet pressure.

Exhaust The proportional valve exhausts only the booster's pilot chamber. The

booster, if in relieving version, exhausts the volume of the supply pressure

line. The relief capacity is subject to the differential pressure.

Volume flow see specifications of the according volume booster



PQ2, R450 with double loop

Electrical features

Supply voltage All valves have to be supplied with 24 V DC. Power consumption see according product information sheets

Setpoint input 0-10 V as standard, optionally 4-20 mA for all valves

Monitor signal A feedback signal is not reasonable for the single loop version because

here only the pressure of the booster's pilot chamber is monitored. That value does not give any information about the outlet pressure behind the

booster.

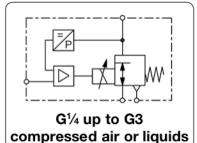


Bp1 - Convertisseur I/P, commande proportionnelle de pression couplée à un amplificateur de débit, booster

General operational description:

The volume booster and proportional valve are fed by the supply pressure. When no command signal is applied the outlet pressure behind the booster is zero. When the command signal is increased the outlet pressure rises in proportion to it. Since the transmission ratio is not exactly 1:1, a slight pressure difference occurs between the outlet pressure of the proportional valve and the booster's outlet on single loop systems. This can be balanced by a feedback signal (double loop), though.

At single loop combinations the pressure difference between command signal and outlet pressure is being ignored because the proportional valve only refers to its own outlet pressure within the pilot chamber. The outlet pressure performance is dependent of the volume booster's accuracy.



Single loop combination examples

Flow	Connection Outlet		Part n	umber	Order number	
rate	thread	pressure	Booster	Prop.valve	of combination	
[I/min	G	bar				

R750	with PRE1,	for co	mpre	essed air or no	on-corrosive gases	setpoint 0-10 V, P1 max. 17 bar
1,000	G1/ ₄	0	0	D750 021	DDE1_LI00	PD111750_02

R450 with PRE1, for compressed air or non-corrosive gases $\,$ setpoint 0-10 V, P1 max. 17 bar

4000 G½ 0 8 R450-04I	PRE1-U08	BP1U450-04
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R119 w	ith PPA,	for compress	sed air or noi	n-corrosive gases	setpoint 0-10 V, P1 max. 21 bar	
5600	G1/2	0 10	R119-04J	PPA00-1000	BP1U119-04	
9000	G¾	0 10	R119-06J	PPA00-1000	BP1U119-06	
10000	G1	0 10	R119-08J	PPA00-1000	BP1U119-08	
12000	G11/2	0 10	R119-12J	PPA00-1000	BP1U119-12	
42000	G2	0 10	R119-16J	PPA00-1000	BP1U119-16	
44000	G21/2	0 10	R119-20J	PPA00-1000	BP1U119-20	
110000	G3	0 10	R119-24J	PPA00-1000	BP1U119-24	

RGB4	with PRE	setpoint 0-10 V, P1 max. 4 bar			
700	G1/2	00,2	RGB4-04J	PRE1-UA2	BP1UGB4-04
2800	G1	00,2	RGB4-08J	PRE1-UA2	BP1UGB4-08
5600	G1½	00.2	RGB4-12J	PRE1-UA2	BP1UGB4-12

RZ1 wi	th PRE1-	setpoint 0-10 V, P1 max. 16 bar			
2900	G1	0 1	RZ3-08J	PRE1-U02	BP1UZ-08
5700	G1½	0 1	RZ3-12J	PRE1-U02	BP1UZ-12
21000	G2	0 1	RZ2-16J	PRE1-U02	BP1UZ-16

R120 w	ith PPA	, for compress	ed air, gases	or liquids	setpoint 0-10 V, P ₁ max. 50 bar
1200	G1/2	0 15	R120-04J2	PPA00-1600	BP1U120-04
4200	G¾	0 15	R120-06J2	PPA00-1600	BP1U120-06
5000	G1	0 15	R120-08J2	PPA00-1600	BP1U120-08
1200	G1/2	0 50	R120-04J5	PP000-5000	BP1U120-04J5
4200	G3/4	0 50	R120-06J5	PP000-5000	BP1U120-06J5
5000	G1	0 50	R120-08J5	PP000-5000	BP1U120-08J5
14000	G11/2	0 50	R120-12J5	PP000-5000	BP1U120-12J5
15000	G2	0 50	R120-16J5	PP000-5000	BP1U120-16J5

Special options, add the appropriate letter

4-20 mA input signal BP1I...-....



BP1U450-04



BP1U119-16



BP1UZ-08



BP1U120-08J5



ALPHA AUTOMATISMES Sarl
7, rue des Bouchers - 14400 BAYEUX - FRANCE